

Material Safety Data Sheet

Off the Walls Graffiti Cleaner for Painted or Finished Surfaces

1. Product and company identification

Product name	: Off the Walls Graffiti Cleaner for Painted or Finished Surfaces
Material uses	: Graffiti Cleaner.
Supplier/Manufacturer	: Wipeout Specialty Cleaning Inc. 754 Francis Road Burlington Ontario, L7T 4A3 905-632-9849.
Responsible name	: Atrion Regulatory Services, Inc.
In case of emergency	: CANUTEC (613) 996-6666

2. Hazards identification

Physical state	: Liquid.
Odor	: Solvent.
Emergency overview	: DANGER! FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. COMBUSTIBLE. MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED. HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN OR IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. Flammable liquid. Very toxic by inhalation. Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Contains material that can cause target organ damage. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Routes of entry	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects	
Inhalation	: Very toxic by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system.
Ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed.
Skin	: Toxic in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.
Eyes	: Irritating to eyes.
Potential chronic health effects	
Chronic effects	: Contains material that can cause target organ damage.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Target organs	: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, liver, lymphatic system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness

2. Hazards identification

- Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
 pain or irritation
 watering
 redness
- Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	10 - 30
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	10 - 30
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	5 - 10
Acetone	67-64-1	1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.
- Ingestion** : Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
 - Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
 carbon dioxide
 carbon monoxide

5 . Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6 . Accidental release measures

Personal precautions : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7 . Handling and storage

Handling : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Product name	Exposure limits
2-Butoxyethanol	<p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 10/2006). Skin 8 hrs OEL: 97 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).</p> <p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2007). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hour(s).</p> <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 3/2007). Skin TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hour(s).</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 12/2006). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hour(s).</p>
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	<p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2007). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 75 ppm 15 minute(s).</p> <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 3/2007). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).</p>
Propan-2-ol	<p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 10/2006). 15 min OEL: 1230 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). 8 hrs OEL: 400 ppm 8 hour(s).</p> <p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2007). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 400 ppm 15 minute(s).</p> <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 3/2007). TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). STEV: 400 ppm 15 minute(s).</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 12/2006). TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hour(s). STEV: 500 ppm 15 minute(s).</p>
Acetone	<p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 10/2006). 8 hrs OEL: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). 15 min OEL: 2400 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).</p> <p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2007). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s).</p> <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 3/2007). TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hour(s). STEV: 750 ppm 15 minute(s).</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 12/2006). TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hour(s). STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minute(s).</p>

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Eyes : Splash goggles.

Skin : Lab coat.

8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory : Vapor respirator.

Hands : Nitrile gloves.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms) :



HMIS Code/Personal protective equipment : G

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9 . Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Flash point : Closed cup: 46°C (114.8°F)

Flammable limits : Lower: 1.5%
Upper: 7%

Color : Colorless.

Odor : Solvent.

Boiling/condensation point : 100°C (212°F)

Relative density : 0.85 to 0.95

Evaporation rate : <1 (Water = 1)

10 . Stability and reactivity

Stability : The product is stable.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Conditions of reactivity : Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts.

11 . Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Species	Dose	Result	Exposure
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	LD50 Dermal	-
	Rat	8532 mg/kg	LD50 Oral	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	LD50 Dermal	-
	Rat	917 mg/kg	LD50 Oral	-
	Rat	470 mg/kg	LD50 Oral	-
Propan-2-ol	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	LD50 Dermal	-
	Rat	5045 mg/kg	LD50 Oral	-
	Rat	5000 mg/kg	LD50 Oral	-
Acetone	Rat	5800 mg/kg	LD50 Oral	-

Inhalation : Very toxic by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system.

11 . Toxicological information

- Ingestion** : Toxic if swallowed.
Skin : Toxic in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.
Eyes : Irritating to eyes.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
2-Butoxyethanol	A3	3	-	-	-	-
Propan-2-ol	A4	3	-	-	-	None.
Acetone	A4	-	-	-	-	-

12 . Ecological information

Environmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Exposure	Result
Propan-2-ol	-	Crustaceans	48 hours	Acute LC50 1400000 to 1950000 ug/L
	-	Fish	96 hours	Acute LC50 >1400000 ug/L
Acetone	-	Daphnia	48 hours	Acute EC50 23.5 to 23.9 g/L
	-	Fish	96 hours	Acute LC50 5.54 to 6.33 ml/L
	-	Crustaceans	48 hours	Acute LC50 7550000 ug/L
	-	Daphnia	48 hours	Chronic NOEC 16.2 g/L

13 . Disposal considerations



Waste disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.


Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14 . Transport information

AERG : 128

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)	3	II		-
IMDG Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)	3	II		-

14 . Transport information

IATA-DGR Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)	3	II		-
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PG* : Packing group

15 . Regulatory information

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

- : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).
- Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).
- Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).



Canadian lists

- : **CEPA Toxic substances:** None of the components are listed.
- Canadian ARET:** None of the components are listed.
- Canadian NPRI:** The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Isopropyl alcohol
- Alberta Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.
- Ontario Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.
- Quebec Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory (DSL/NDSL)

- : **Canada inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

International lists

- : This product, (and its ingredients) is (are) listed on national inventories, or is (are) exempted from being listed, in Australia (AICS), in Europe (EINECS/ELINCS), in Korea (TCCL), in Japan (METI), in the Philippines (RA6969).

16 . Other information

Label requirements

- : FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. COMBUSTIBLE. MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED. HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN OR IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	2
Fire hazard		2
Physical Hazard		0
Personal protection		G

HAZARD RATINGS

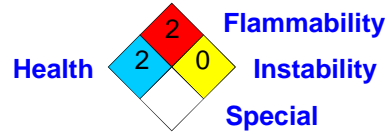
- 4- Extreme
- 3- Serious
- 2- Moderate
- 1- Slight
- 0- Minimal

See section 8 for more detailed information on personal protection.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

16 . Other information



References : ANSI Z400.5, MSDS Standard, 2004. - Manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet. - Canada Gazette Part II, Vol. 122, No. 2. Registration SOR/88-64, 31 December 1987. Hazardous Products Act "Ingredient Disclosure List" - Canadian Transport of Dangerous Goods, Regulations and Schedules, Clear Language version 2005.

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Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.